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M. Martimianov (PSACEA, Dnipro)

Scientific supervisor: T. Danylova. Cand. Sc.(Tech), Assoc. Prof.

Language consultant: K. Shabanova, English lecturer

CONSTRUCTING GLASS SKYSCRAPERS IN THE FUTURE

Glass skyscrapers have become iconic symbols of modern cities around the world. However, there are ongoing discussions about their energy efficiency and environmental impact. Let's explore the topic further:

Energy Efficiency Challenges: Traditional glass exteriors in skyscrapers can be energy inefficient. They trap heat during summer and lose heat during winter, leading to increased reliance on air conditioning and climate control systems. This results in higher energy consumption and carbon emissions. [1]

Eco-Friendly Innovations: To address the energy efficiency challenges, new glass skyscrapers are incorporating eco-friendly innovations. These include renewable energy generation, solar shading systems, and double-skin facades that provide better insulation and reduce heat transfer. [1]

Mixed-Use Skyscrapers: Urbanization trends have led to the rise of mixed-use skyscrapers, particularly in countries like Japan and China. These buildings combine residential, commercial, and recreational spaces, promoting sustainable urban development and reducing the need for long commutes. [1]

Smart Technology Integration: Smart technology plays a crucial role in the construction of modern skyscrapers. Switchable smart glass, for example, allows users to alter the properties of the glass at the flick of a switch, providing flexibility in controlling light and heat transmission [2]. Additionally, advanced technologies like IoT sensors and prefabrication methods contribute to the transformation of high-rise buildings into smart and sustainable structures [2].

Environmental Concerns: There is a growing debate about the environmental impact of glass skyscrapers. Critics argue that the energy-intensive cooling requirements and the lack of consideration for location and urban planning can lead to poor design, increased carbon emissions, and a reliance on private cars [3] [4].

Sustainable Design Approaches: Architects and engineers are exploring alternative design approaches for glass skyscrapers. These approaches include reducing the proportion of glass in the facade, incorporating long-life materials, and considering the recyclability and maintenance of glass wall assemblies. [5] [6]

It's important to note that the future of glass skyscrapers will likely involve a balance between aesthetics, functionality, and sustainability. Architects, engineers, and urban planners are continuously working towards finding innovative solutions to make glass skyscrapers more energy-efficient and environmentally friendly.

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Ye. Mashkovskiy (PSACEA, Dnipro)

Scientific supervisor: A. Uzhelovskiy, Cand. Sc.(Tech), Assoc. Prof.

Language consultant: K. Shabanova, English lecturer

ROBOTICS IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF MODERN HOMES

The construction industry is undergoing a transformation with the integration of robotics. Robotics is being used to enhance efficiency, reduce costs, improve safety, and introduce innovative designs in the construction of modern homes. Here are some key insights into the role of robotics in modern home construction:

Labor Shortages and Off-Site Construction: The construction industry is facing a shortage of skilled labor, which has led to the exploration of off-site construction methods. Countries like Japan have embraced off-site construction and are using robotics to build a significant number of homes each year [1]. Off-site construction involves manufacturing components in a controlled environment and then assembling them on-site, reducing the need for extensive manual labor.

Automation and Precision: Robotics enables automation in various construction tasks, leading to increased precision and efficiency. For example, Dusty Robotics has developed a robot that can accurately sketch out the floor plan of a building project, reducing the potential for errors and delays [2]. Additionally, robots can perform tasks like welding and assembly with high precision, allowing for complex designs that would be challenging for humans to construct unaided.

3D Printing: 3D printing technology is revolutionizing the construction industry. Companies like ICON and MX3D are using 3D printing to construct entire homes and bridges with minimal waste and reduced costs [3]. This technology allows for the creation of unique designs and the customization of homes to meet specific requirements.

Efficiency and Safety: Robotics in construction improves efficiency by automating repetitive tasks and streamlining processes. It also enhances safety by reducing the need for workers to perform physically demanding or hazardous tasks. For example, robots can be used to lift heavy materials, reducing the risk of injuries to human workers [4].

Integration with AI and BIM: Robotics in construction is often integrated with Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Building Information Modeling (BIM). AI algorithms can optimize construction processes, while BIM enables the digital representation of a building's physical and functional